

微分積分学 II 演習問題 1

問題 1. 以下の関数の原始関数を求めよ.

$$(1) \quad \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$(2) \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$(3) \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x^2}}$$

$$(4) \quad e^x + \cos x - \sin x$$

$$(5) \quad \frac{1}{\cos^2 x}$$

$$(6) \quad \frac{x}{\cos^2 x^2}$$

$$(7) \quad \frac{\cos x}{\sin x}$$

$$(8) \quad (2x+1)e^{x^2+x}$$

$$(9) \quad e^x \sin e^x$$

$$(10) \quad \frac{\cos \log x}{x}$$

$$(11) \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x}}$$

$$(12) \quad e^{\sin x} \cos x$$

$$(13) \quad \frac{\sin x \cos x}{1 + \sin^2 x}$$

$$(14) \quad \frac{e^x}{1 + e^x}$$

$$(15) \quad \frac{1}{x^2 + 2x + 3}$$

$$(16) \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{4-x^2}}$$

$$(17) \quad \frac{\log x}{x^2}$$

$$(18) \quad xe^x$$

$$(19) \quad x \log x$$

$$(20) \quad x \sin x$$

問題 2. 変数変換 $x = \frac{z^2-1}{2z}$ を用い, 以下の原始関数を求めよ.

$$(1) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} dx$$

$$(2) \int \sqrt{x^2+1} dx$$

問題 3. 以下の有理関数の原始関数を求めよ.

$$(1) \quad \frac{2}{x^2-1}$$

$$(2) \quad \frac{3x}{x^2-x-2}$$

$$(3) \quad \frac{3x+3}{x^2+x-2}$$

$$(4) \quad \frac{5x+1}{x^2+x-2}$$

$$(5) \quad \frac{4x+1}{x^2-x-2}$$

$$(6) \quad \frac{x+4}{x^2+2x+1}$$

$$(7) \quad \frac{2x+5}{x^2+4x+4}$$

$$(8) \quad \frac{2x-3}{8x^3-12x^2+6x-1}$$

$$(9) \quad \frac{x^2-3x}{x^3-x^2-x+1}$$

$$(10) \quad \frac{2x^2-x+8}{x^3+3x-2}$$

$$(11) \quad \frac{x^2+2}{2x^3-9x^2+12x-4}$$

$$(12) \quad \frac{x^2+2x-1}{x^3+x^2+x+1}$$

$$(13) \quad \frac{x+1}{x^3-x^2+x-1}$$

$$(14) \quad \frac{x-2}{x^3+x^2+2x+2}$$

(15)
$$\frac{x^2 + x}{x^3 - x^2 + x - 1}$$

(17)
$$\frac{4x^2 - x}{4x^3 + 4x^2 + x + 1}$$

(19)
$$\frac{2x^2 + 1}{x^3 - 3x + 2}$$

(16)
$$\frac{2x^2 - x}{x^3 + 2x^2 + x + 2}$$

(18)
$$\frac{x^2 + 2x - 5}{x^3 - 2x^2 - x + 2}$$

(20)
$$\frac{x^2 - x + 1}{x^3 - 3x^2 + 3x - 1}$$

問題 4. 以下の定積分の値を求めよ.

(1)
$$\int_0^1 (2x + 1)dx$$

(3)
$$\int_0^1 (4x^3 - 3x^2 + 2x - 1)dx$$

(5)
$$\int_0^{\pi/3} \tan x dx$$

(7)
$$\int_{-1}^1 x^2 e^{x^3} dx$$

(9)
$$\int_0^{2\sqrt{2}} \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} dx$$

(11)
$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\cos x}{1 + \sin x} dx$$

(13)
$$\int_1^e \frac{\log x}{x} dx$$

(15)
$$\int_0^{1/\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx$$

(17)
$$\int_0^1 (x^2 - 1)e^x dx = -1$$

(19)
$$\int_0^1 \frac{3}{2x^2 + 5x + 2} dx$$

(2)
$$\int_0^1 (x^2 + x)dx$$

(4)
$$\int_0^1 \sqrt{x} dx$$

(6)
$$\int_0^\pi \cos^2 x dx$$

(8)
$$\int_0^{\sqrt{3}} \frac{x}{x^2 + 1} dx$$

(10)
$$\int_0^1 \frac{4x^3}{x^4 + 1} dx$$

(12)
$$\int_e^{e^2} \frac{1}{x \log x} dx$$

(14)
$$\int_0^1 \frac{1}{x^2 + 1} dx$$

(16)
$$\int_1^e \log x dx$$

(18)
$$\int_0^\pi x \cos x dx$$

(20)
$$\int_0^1 \frac{8}{3x^2 + 10x + 3} dx$$

問題 5. 以下の I_n が満たす漸化式を求めよ.

(1) $I_n = \int x^n \sin x dx$ (2) $I_n = \int x^n \cos x dx$ (3) $I_n = \int \frac{1}{\cos^n x} dx$

問題 6. m, n を整数とするとき, 以下の定積分の値を求めよ.

$$\int_0^\pi \sin mx \sin nx dx$$

解答

問題 1.

- | | |
|--|-----------------------------|
| (1) $-\frac{1}{x}$ | (2) $2\sqrt{x}$ |
| (3) $3\sqrt[3]{x}$ | (4) $e^x + \sin x + \cos x$ |
| (5) $\tan x$ | (6) $\frac{1}{2}\tan x^2$ |
| (7) $\log \sin x$ | (8) e^{x^2+x} |
| (9) $-\cos e^x$ | (10) $\sin \log x$ |
| (11) $-2\sqrt{1-x}$ | (12) $e^{\sin x}$ |
| (13) $\frac{1}{2}\log(1+\sin^2 x)$ | (14) $\log(1+e^x)$ |
| (15) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\tan^{-1}\frac{x+1}{\sqrt{2}}$ | (16) $\sin^{-1}\frac{x}{2}$ |
| (17) $-\frac{1}{x}\log x - \frac{1}{x}$ | (18) $(x-1)e^x$ |
| (19) $\frac{x^2}{2}\log x - \frac{x^2}{4}$ | (20) $-x\cos x + \sin x$ |

問題 2.

$$(1) \log(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1}) \quad (2) \frac{1}{2} \left(x\sqrt{x^2 + 1} + \log(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1}) \right)$$

問題 3.

- (1) $\int \left(\frac{1}{x-1} - \frac{1}{x+1} \right) dx = \log(x-1) - \log(x+1)$
- (2) $\int \left(\frac{1}{x+1} + \frac{2}{x-2} \right) dx = \log(x+1) + 2\log(x-2)$
- (3) $\int \left(\frac{2}{x-1} + \frac{1}{x+2} \right) dx = 2\log(x-1) + \log(x+2)$
- (4) $\int \left(\frac{2}{x-1} + \frac{3}{x+2} \right) dx = 2\log(x-1) + 3\log(x+2)$
- (5) $\int \left(\frac{1}{x+1} + \frac{3}{x-2} \right) dx = \log(x+1) + 3\log(x-2)$
- (6) $\int \left(\frac{1}{x+1} + \frac{3}{(x+1)^2} \right) dx = \log(x+1) - \frac{3}{x+1}$
- (7) $\int \left(\frac{2}{x+2} + \frac{1}{(x+2)^2} \right) dx = 2\log(x+2) - \frac{1}{x+2}$
- (8) $\int \left(\frac{1}{2x-1} - \frac{2}{(2x-1)^2} \right) dx = \frac{1}{2}\log(2x-1) + \frac{1}{2x-1}$
- (9) $\int \left(\frac{1}{x+1} - \frac{1}{(x-1)^2} \right) dx = \log(x+1) + \frac{1}{x-1}$
- (10) $\int \left(\frac{2}{x+2} + \frac{3}{(x-1)^2} \right) dx = 2\log(x+1) - \frac{3}{x-1}$

- (11) $\int \left(\frac{1}{2x-1} + \frac{2}{(x-2)^2} \right) dx = \frac{1}{2} \log(2x-1) - \frac{2}{x-2}$
- (12) $\int \left(\frac{-1}{x+1} + \frac{2x}{x^2+1} \right) dx = -\log(x+1) + \log(x^2+1)$
- (13) $\int \left(\frac{1}{x-1} - \frac{x}{x^2+1} \right) dx = \log(x-1) - \frac{1}{2} \log(x^2+1)$
- (14) $\int \left(\frac{-1}{x+1} + \frac{x}{x^2+2} \right) dx = -\log(x+1) + \frac{1}{2} \log(x^2+2)$
- (15) $\int \left(\frac{1}{x-1} + \frac{1}{x^2+1} \right) dx = \log(x-1) + \tan^{-1} x$
- (16) $\int \left(\frac{2}{x+2} - \frac{1}{x^2+1} \right) dx = 2 \log(x+2) - \tan^{-1} x$
- (17) $\int \left(\frac{1}{x+1} - \frac{1}{4x^2+1} \right) dx = \log(x+1) - \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1} 2x$
- (18) $\int \left(\frac{1}{x-1} - \frac{1}{x+1} + \frac{1}{x-2} \right) dx = \log(x-1) - \log(x+1) + \log(x-2)$
- (19) $\int \left(\frac{1}{x+2} + \frac{1}{x-1} + \frac{1}{(x-1)^2} \right) dx = \log(x+2) + \log(x-1) - \frac{1}{x-1}$
- (20) $\int \left(\frac{1}{x-1} + \frac{1}{(x-1)^2} + \frac{1}{(x-1)^3} \right) dx = \log(x-1) - \frac{1}{x-1} - \frac{1}{2(x-1)^2}$

問題 4.

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|---------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| (1) 2 | (2) $\frac{5}{6}$ | (3) 0 | (4) $\frac{2}{3}$ | (5) $\log 2$ |
| (6) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ | (7) $\frac{1}{3}(e - e^{-1})$ | (8) $\log 2$ | (9) 2 | (10) $\log 2$ |
| (11) $\log 2$ | (12) $\log 2$ | (13) $\frac{1}{2}$ | (14) $\frac{\pi}{4}$ | (15) $\frac{\pi}{4}$ |
| (16) 1 | (17) -1 | (18) -2 | (19) $\log 2$ | (20) $\log 3$ |

問題 5.

- (1) $I_n = -x^n \cos x + nx^{n-1} \sin x - n(n-1)I_{n-2}$
- (2) $I_n = x^n \sin x + nx^{n-1} \cos x - n(n-1)I_{n-2}$
- (3) $I_{n+2} = \frac{1}{n+1} \frac{\sin x}{\cos^{n+1} x} + \frac{n}{n+1} I_n$

問題 6.

$$\int_0^\pi \sin mx \sin nx dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\pi}{2} & (m = n \neq 0) \\ -\frac{\pi}{2} & (m = -n \neq 0) \\ 0 & (\text{その他}) \end{cases}$$